
Staying Competitive in a Rapidly Changing Plastic Fabrication Environment

AWFS Educational Seminar
Las Vegas - July 19, 2017
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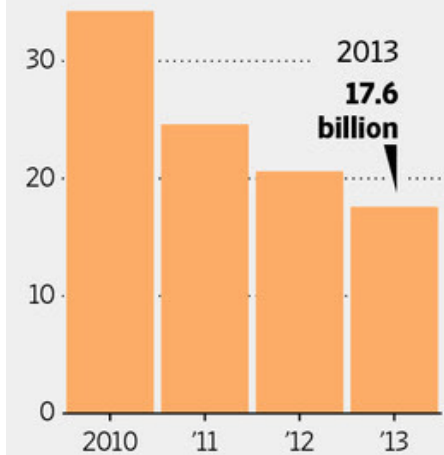
Introduction

- ❖ Technological innovation is rapidly changing markets, especially POP Display and Fixture Market
- ❖ The brick and mortar retail industry has been and is in a bubble
- ❖ Companies must develop plans and strategies to identify new market segments for long term sustainability and growth

Permanent Slowdown?

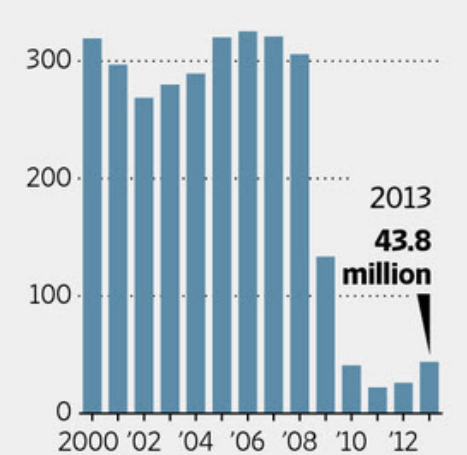
Total retail foot traffic for November and December

40 billion visits



Amount of new retail space opened annually

400 million square feet



Note: Traffic data is collected from 60,000 traffic-tracking devices installed at malls and large retailers. Retail space is reported for 54 of the largest U.S. markets.

Sources: ShopperTrak (visits); CoStar Group (square footage)

The Wall Street Journal

The POP Display and Fixture Market

- ❖ Large retailers have a difficult time competing against online E-tailers, especially amazon.com
- ❖ The downturn is expected to continue resulting in a negative impact to the POP Display and Fixture market.
- ❖ Examples of plastic materials affected:
 - Acrylic (Plexiglas®, Lucite®, Optix®, Acrylite®)
 - Polycarbonate (Lexan™, Makrolon®)
 - Expanded Foam PVC (Sintra®, Komatex®, Celtec®)



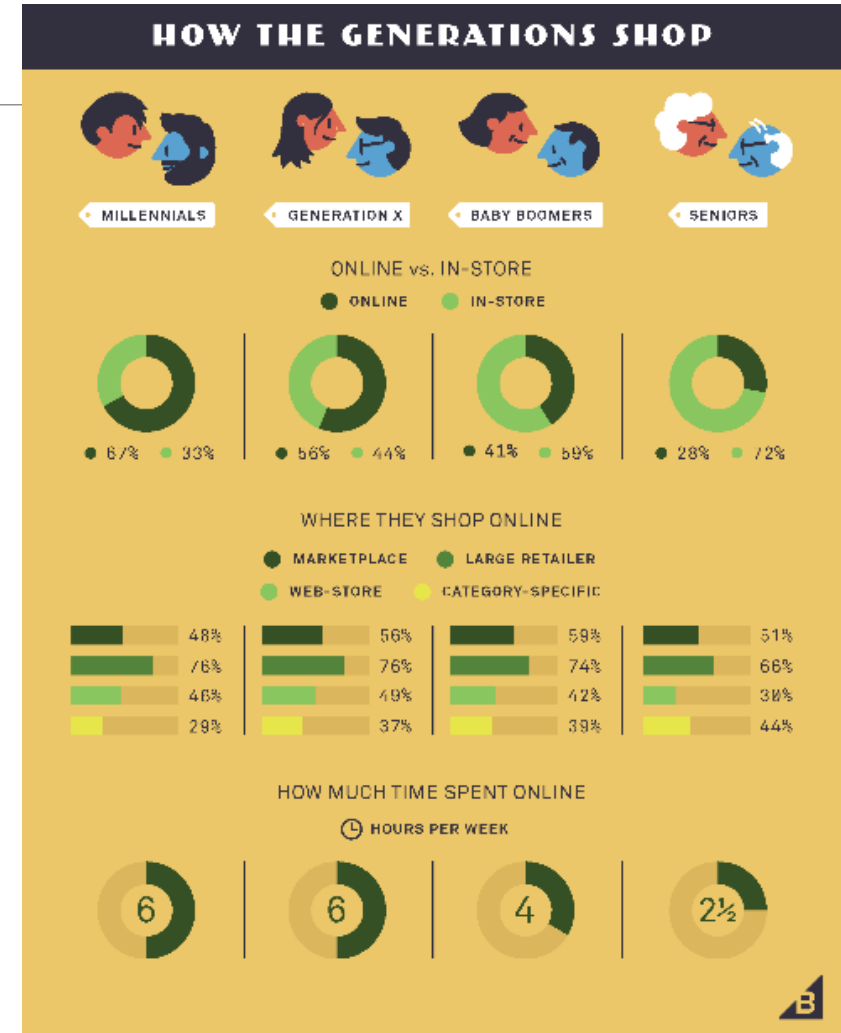
The POP Display and Fixture Market

- ❖ Major big box retail stores are disappearing.
- ❖ Store closings have already topped historical highs
- ❖ Bankruptcy filings for Q1 2017 exceeds entire year for 2016
- ❖ 2,900 store closures in Q1 2017 versus 1,200 Q1 2016
- ❖ An alarming 10,000 stores are anticipated to close this year
- ❖ . The future of both Sears and Kmart are officially in doubt
- ❖ 3,300 store openings were announced last month including 1,290 Dollar General, 650 Dollar Tree & 400 ALDI Food



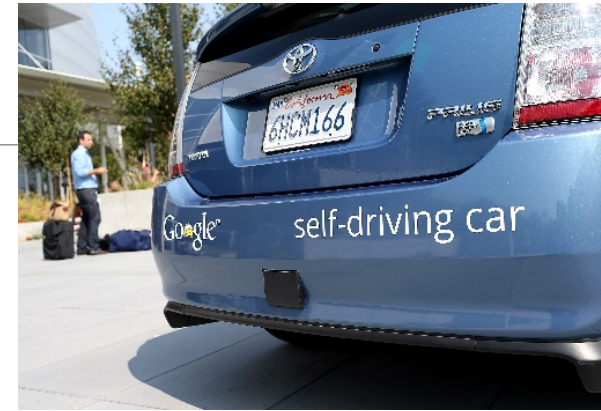
The POP Display and Fixture Market

- ❖ Malls are closing at a rapid rate
- ❖ When anchor tenants leave, fewer consumers shop at the other stores in the mall
- ❖ Non anchor tenants may leave as a result
- ❖ GDP growing for 8 straight years
- ❖ So what the heck is going on?
- ❖ Many stores will survive however the rise of e-commerce not only moves sales online but also builds new consumer shopping habits



The POP Display and Fixture Market

- ❖ Opportunities still exist in the POP Display and Fixture market but they will not be sufficient to offset the massive closings
- ❖ Future changes in technology and consumer behavior will further affect opportunity in a negative manner
- ❖ Prediction! - Online shopping might be the most transformative force in retail today but self-driving cars could change retail as much as smartphones
- ❖ Currently, there are 19 companies working on driverless car technology
- ❖ This will create new retail conveniences, traffic headaches and inspire new business strategies that could take additional businesses out of shopping malls
- ❖ The future of retail could get even weirder yet



Planning for the Future

- ❖ The display market will continue to deteriorate and there will be reduced growth opportunities for those 100% dedicated to the POP Display and Fixture market
- ❖ Raising prices to offset the drop-off in business might not be an effective option
- ❖ Those who are not proactive will be left behind
- ❖ Plastic machining and fabrication for many other market segments offers opportunities for growth



Planning for the Future

The State of the Plastics Fabrication Industry

- ❖ The overall plastic fabrication industry continues to thrive and opportunities for supplying fabricated parts are excellent
- ❖ Plastic continues to replace wood and other materials in many applications
- ❖ There are more than 75 market segments in addition to the POP Display and Fixture Market
- ❖ Profit margins can be significantly higher



Planning for the Future

***“Change before you have to”
- Jack Welch***

The State of the Plastics Fabrication Industry

- ❖ Fabricators who offer precision machining services can flourish
- ❖ Approaching new markets in plastics will require precision machining capability
- ❖ Machines 10 years or older are typically unsafe, inefficient, less productive and provide inferior quality
- ❖ Older machines also require higher cost of maintenance / opportunity cost
- ❖ You will not be competitive with those fabricators already invested in the newer high-end machines who are already selling within the markets you would like to penetrate.
- ❖ Some markets will require documented quality control standards



Tolerances for Plastics

- ❖ Repeatability tolerances of today's technologically advanced machines are phenomenal
- ❖ Most customer drawings have standard tolerances of $\pm .005$ for 3 place decimals, $\pm .015$ for 2 place decimals and $\pm .030$ or wider for fractions
- ❖ Close part tolerances are demanded by companies in certain market segments such as aerospace, semiconductor, etc.
- ❖ Holding part tolerances closer than $\pm .005$ is not recommended and will lead to customer rejects
- ❖ Exceptions should be noted in writing and confirmed with the customer during the proposal stage even though the machine's repeatability tolerances are within .004 or less

Planning for the Future

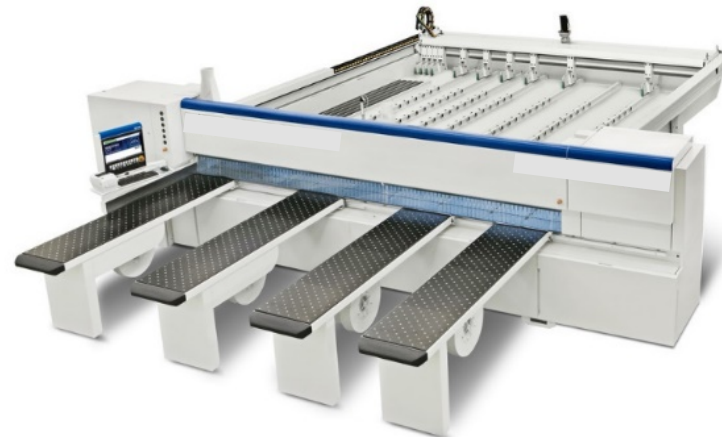
Key areas to address

- ❖ The market(s) that you choose
- ❖ Manufacturing processes
- ❖ People needs
- ❖ **Equipment and automation**



Machines used to process Plastics / Advanced Materials

- ❖ CNC Routers
 - 3 Axis
 - 4 Axis
 - 5 Axis
- ❖ CNC Panel Saws
- ❖ Material Handling, Robots
- ❖ CNC Mills & Lathes
- ❖ CNC Laser
- ❖ Tenoners / Moulders
- ❖ Sanders/Planers
- ❖ Diamond Edge Polishers
- ❖ Other



Making a Purchasing Decision

- ❖ 65+ CNC router manufacturers and 15+ CNC panel saw manufacturers
- ❖ How do you select the right machine?
- ❖ Thoroughly research the company before you invest
- ❖ Seek referrals and see a demonstration using your drawings and materials
- ❖ Make a detailed comparison spreadsheet (hand outs)

Making a Purchasing Decision

- ❖ Penetrating new market segments will require flexible CNC machines
- ❖ Must be able to machine parts from all types of plastic materials
- ❖ Examples of some of the more popular and difficult thermoplastic, thermoset, composite plastic and soft metal materials to machine are:
 - Acetal (Delrin®)
 - Glass Based Laminates
 - PETG
 - HDU Polyurethane
 - PVC
 - Nylon
 - Phenolics
 - UHMW
 - Composite Filled Materials
 - PEEK
 - Polypropylene
 - Aluminum

Making a Purchasing Decision – Other Considerations

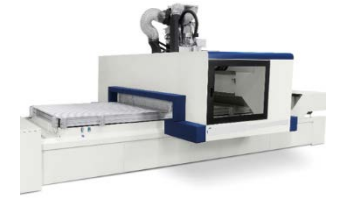
- ❖ Part and Sheet size capability
- ❖ Edge Finish and accuracy capability
- ❖ Pendulum and nesting capability
- ❖ Productivity, set up & cycle time requirement
- ❖ Ease of use
- ❖ Training Support by Vendor – pre and post install
- ❖ After Sale Support & Service
- ❖ Safety Features

CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics

- ❖ Capability
- ❖ Accuracy/Repeatability
- ❖ Edge Quality
- ❖ Material Yield
- ❖ Productivity
- ❖ Safety

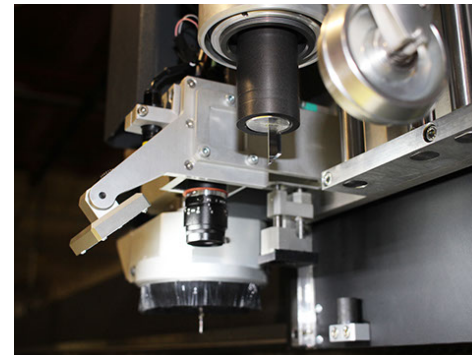
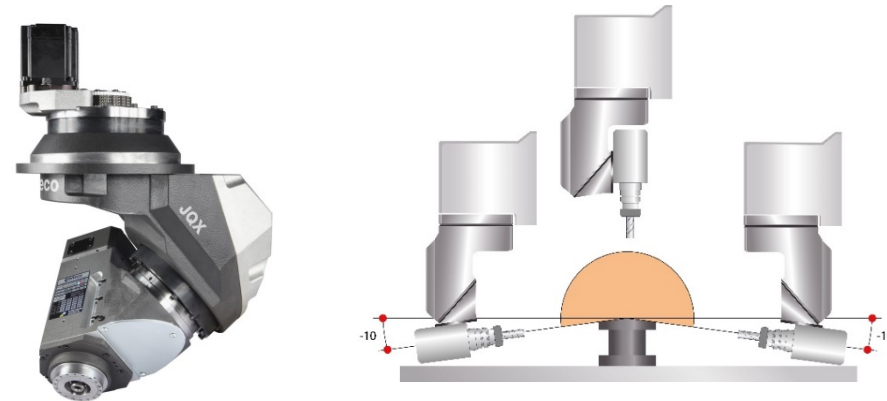


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics

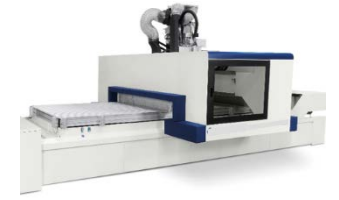


❖ Capability – What Markets and Products?

- Number of Spindles/Heads
- 3/4/5 Axis
- Working Z Height
- RPM range
- Special Attachments

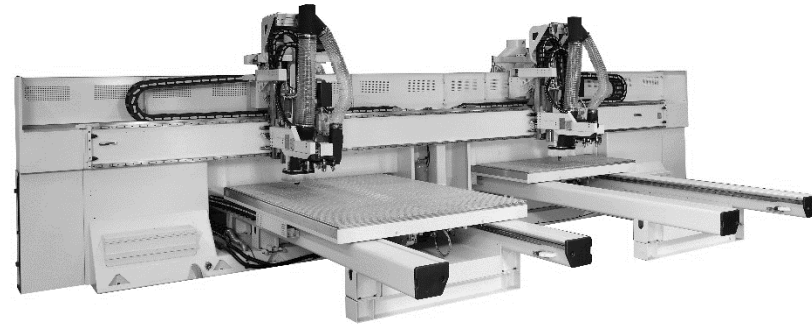


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Capability – What Markets and Products?

- Vacuum Table Type
- Vacuum Table Size
- Vacuum System

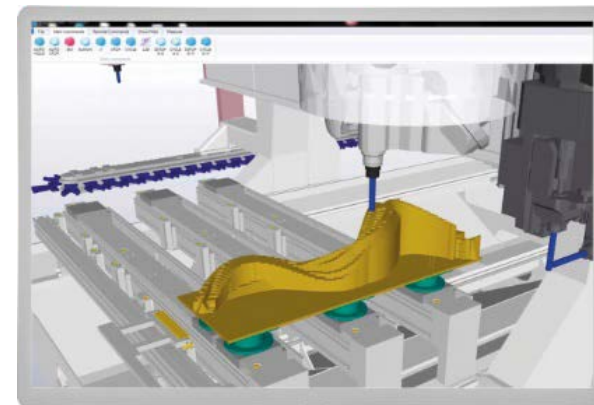
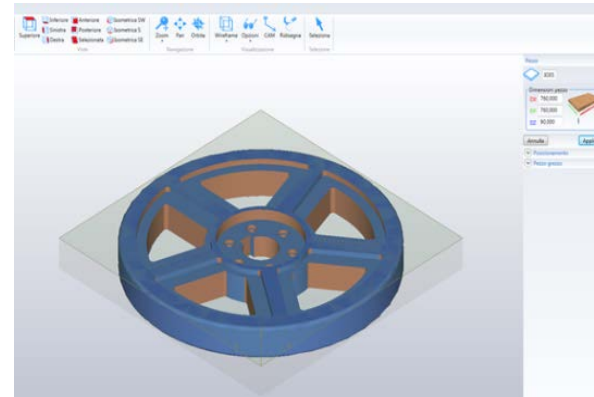


CNC Routers – Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Capability – What Markets and Products?

- Software / Number Seats
- Operator Interface
- Real time simulation

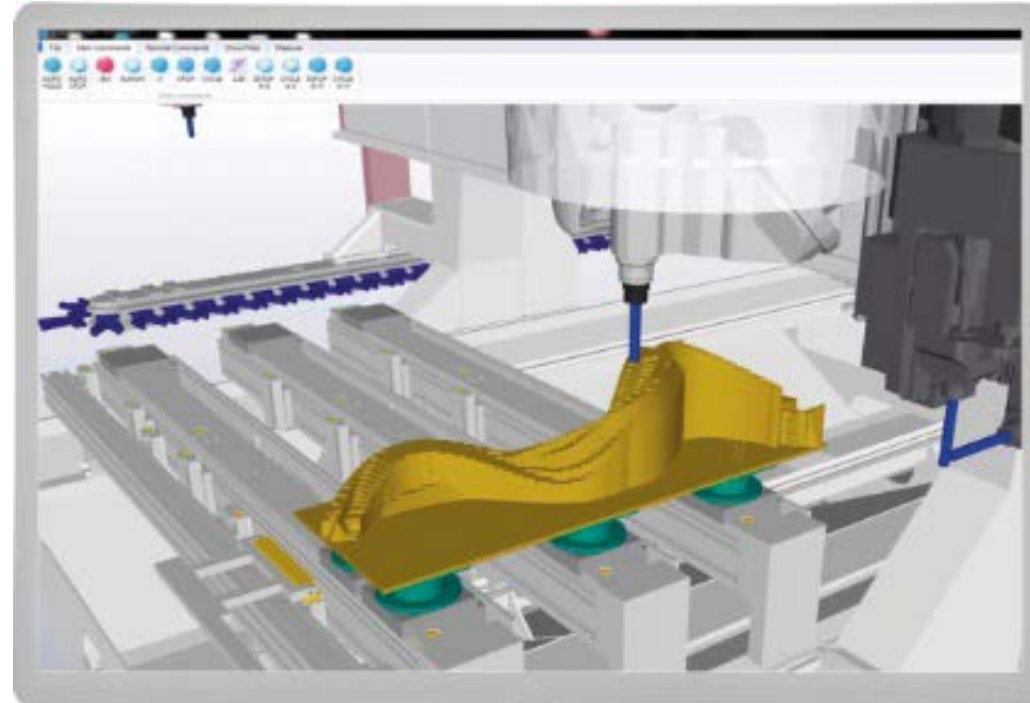


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Capability – What Markets and Products?

- Real time simulation



CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Accuracy/Repeatability

- Base Construction
- Drive Systems
- Control Systems / Compensation

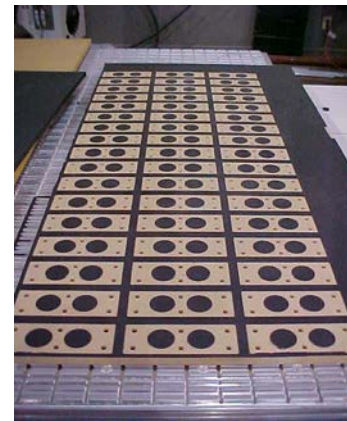
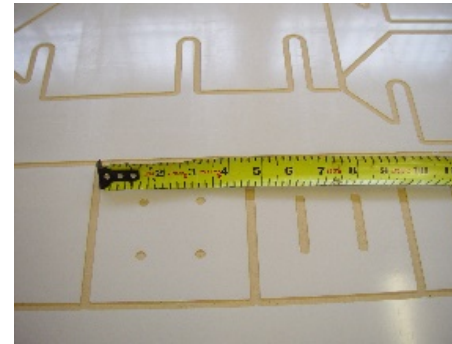


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Edge Quality

- Effective Vacuum Hold
- Ability to hold small parts
 - Onion Skinning
 - Tabbing
 - Fixtures

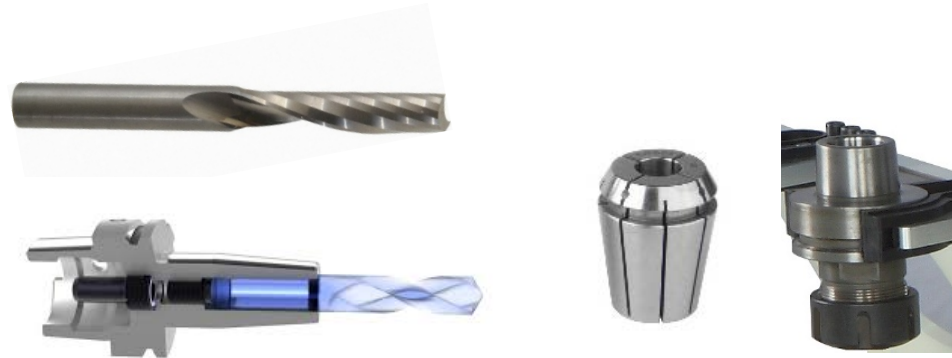


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Edge Quality

- Proper Tooling
- Feeds / Speeds
- Minimizing vibration



| LMT Onsrud LP | HARD PLASTIC | TYPICAL RPM RANGES | TYPICAL CHIP LOADS | REC. TOOL SERIES | |
|--|--|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Speed and Feeds For Hard Plastics | Examples: Cast Acrylic Rigid PVC Plexi Polycarbonate Nylon Solid Surface | Small shapes or short cuts: 6000 - 8000 rpm | 1/8 dia. tools: .003" - .005" 3/16 dia. tools: .005" - .007" | 63-700 series - single flute upcut 62-700 series - single flute downcut | |
| | | Medium shapes or medium cuts: 10000 - 14000 rpm | 1/4 dia. tools: .007" - .009" | 52-600 series - double flute upcut | |
| | | Large shape or long cuts: 16000 - 18000 rpm | 3/8 dia. tools: .008 - .010" 1/2 dia. tools: .010 - .012" | 57-600 series - double flute downcut 56-000P series - double flute straight | |
| | | | | | |
| FEED RATE = CHIP LOAD X NUMBER OF FLUTES X RPM | | | | | |
| EXAMPLES OF SPEEDS & FEEDS DEPENDING ON SHAPE AND SIZE OF MATERIAL | | | | | |
| Small shapes or short cuts | | Medium shapes or medium cuts | | Large shape or long cuts | |
| Single flute tool | Double flute tool | Single flute tool | Double flute tool | Single flute tool | Double flute tool |
| 1/8 tool - 6000 rpm, 18 - 30 ipm | 1/8 tool - 6000 rpm, 36 - 60 ipm | 1/8 tool - 12000 rpm, 36 - 60 ipm | 1/8 tool - 12000 rpm, 72 - 120 ipm | 1/8 tool - 18000 rpm, 54 - 90 ipm | 1/8 tool - 18000 rpm, 108 - 180 ipm |
| 1/4 tool - 6000 rpm, 42 - 54 ipm | 1/4 tool - 6000 rpm, 84 - 108 ipm | 1/4 tool - 12000 rpm, 84 - 108 ipm | 1/4 tool - 12000 rpm, 168 - 216 ipm | 1/4 tool - 18000 rpm, 126 - 162 ipm | 1/4 tool - 18000 rpm, 252 - 324 ipm |
| 3/8 tool - 6000 rpm, 48 - 60 ipm | 3/8 tool - 6000 rpm, 96 - 120 ipm | 3/8 tool - 12000 rpm, 96 - 120 ipm | 3/8 tool - 12000 rpm, 192 - 240 ipm | 3/8 tool - 18000 rpm, 144 - 180 ipm | 3/8 tool - 18000 rpm, 288 - 360 ipm |
| 1/2 tool - 6000 rpm, 60 - 72 ipm | 1/2 tool - 6000 rpm, 120 - 144 ipm | 1/2 tool - 12000 rpm, 120 - 144 ipm | 1/2 tool - 12000 rpm, 240 - 288 ipm | 1/2 tool - 18000 rpm, 180 - 216 ipm | 1/2 tool - 18000 rpm, 360 - 432 ipm |

CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics

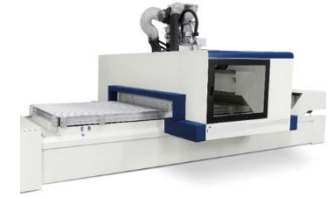


❖ Edge Quality

- Chip Evacuation
- Static Reduction

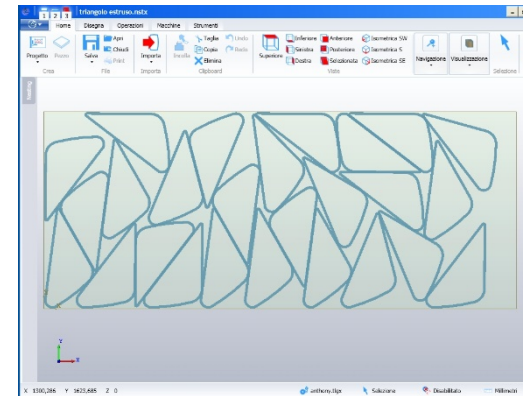


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Material Yield

- Sawing/machining versus nesting
- Nesting Software
- Table capability for many different size sheets
- Effective Hold down



CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Number of heads
- Tool changer

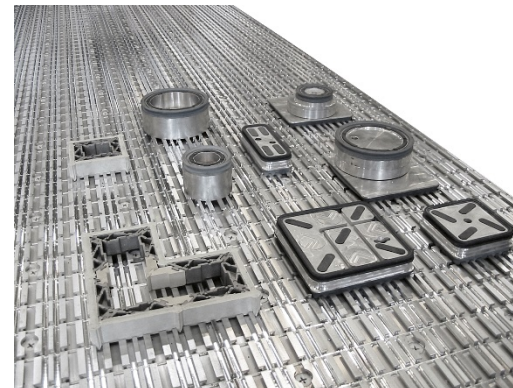
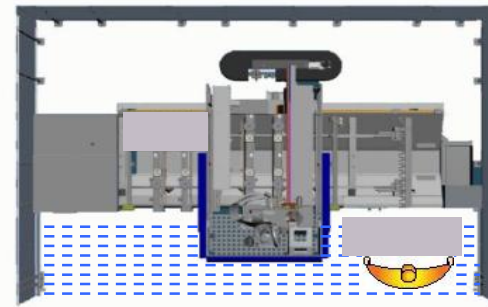


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Pendulum capability
- Quick set up times

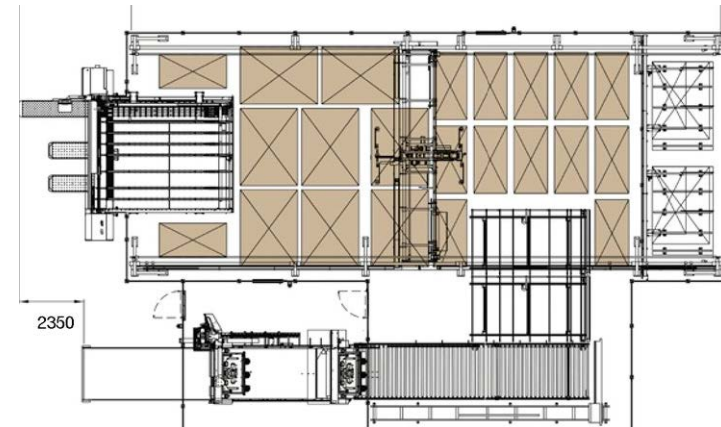


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Material Handling

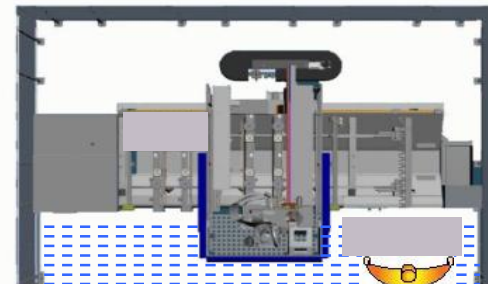


CNC Routers– Key Considerations for Machining Plastics



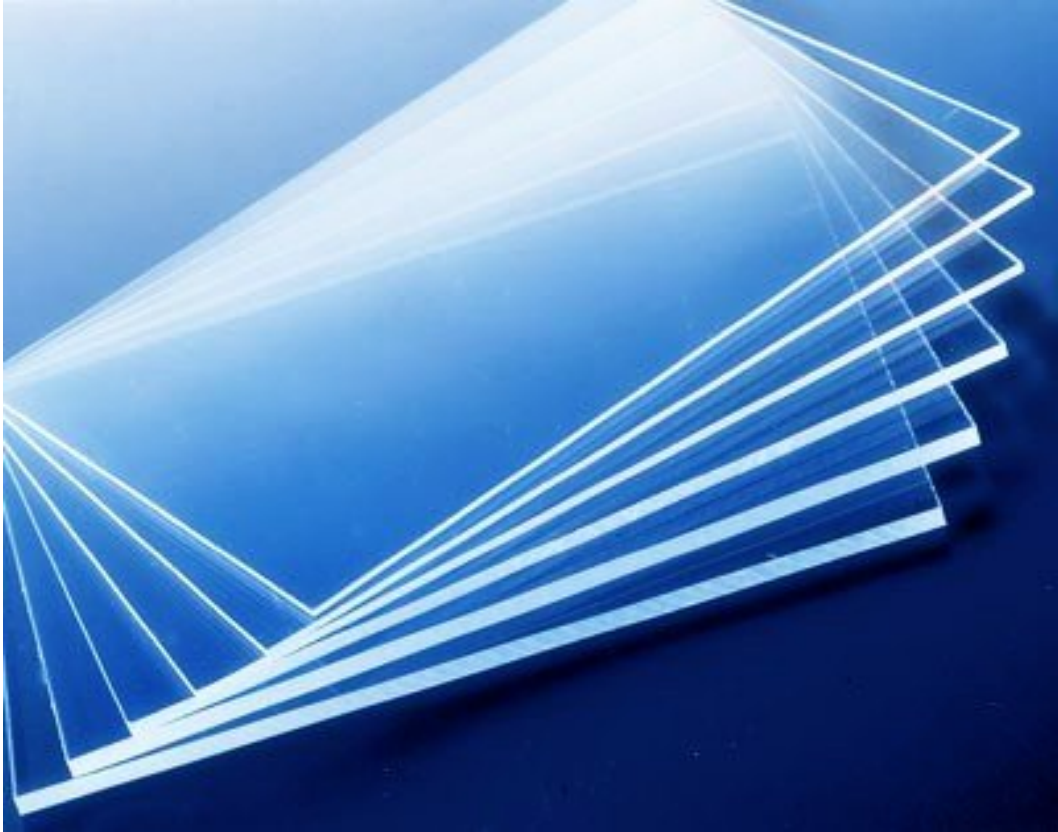
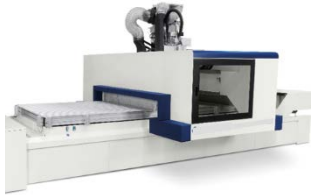
❖ Safety

- Engineered into design
- Safe Access around machine
- Spindle
 - Safety Enclosure
 - Polycarbonate Covers
 - Kevlar Flaps
 - Safety Cables
 - Stop Buttons



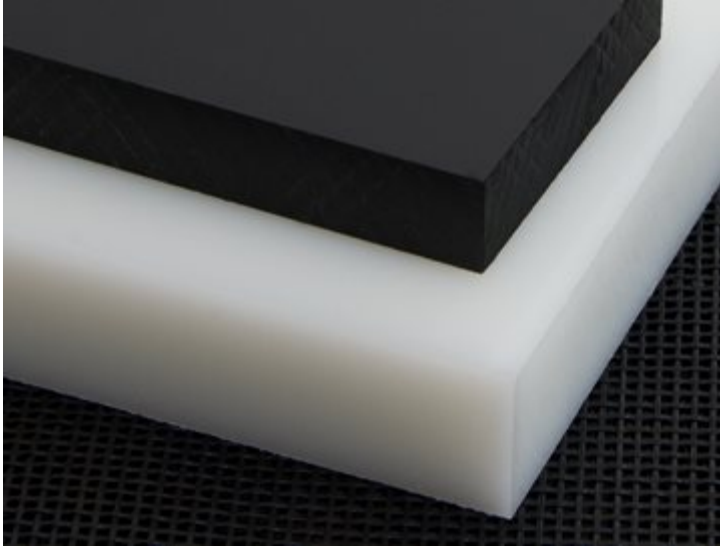
CNC Router Demonstration

Routing / Polishing Acrylic



CNC Router Demonstration

Routing - HDPE



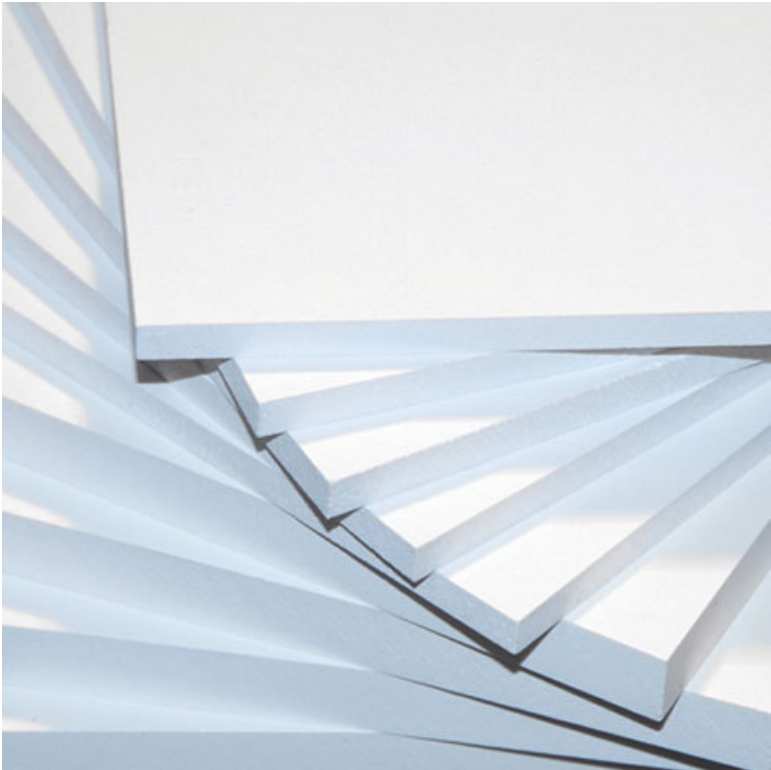
CNC Router Demonstration

Routing – HDU Polyurethane



CNC Router Demonstration

Routing Expanded Rigid Foam PVC



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics

- ❖ Accuracy/Repeatability
- ❖ Edge Quality
- ❖ Material Yield
- ❖ Productivity
- ❖ Safety



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Accuracy/Repeatability

- Well supported base, saw carriage, beam

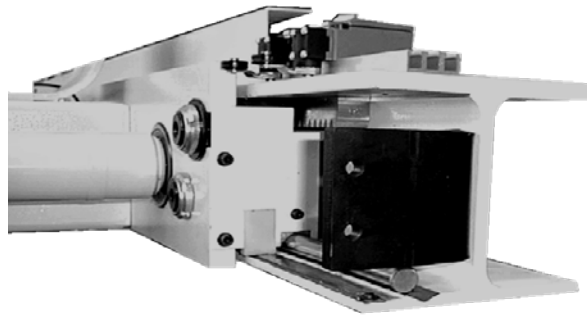


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Accuracy/Repeatability

- Accurate pusher measurement

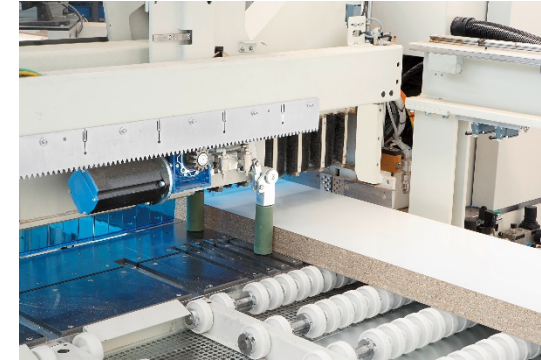


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Accuracy/Repeatability

- Controlling material for complete cycle

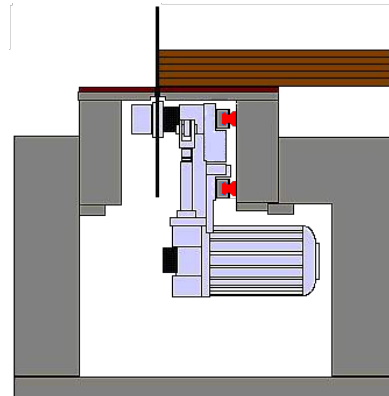


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Accuracy/Repeatability

- Minimizing blade deflection



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Edge Quality – Controlling Vibration

- Narrow openings for cutting table, pressure beam and clamps

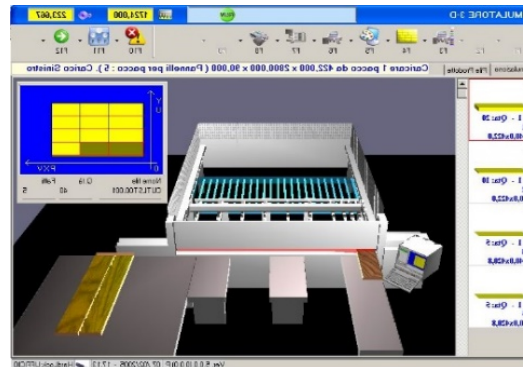
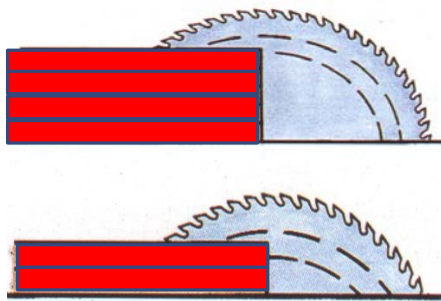


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Edge Quality – Preventing chipping and heat issues

- Saw blade height, speed and rpm control

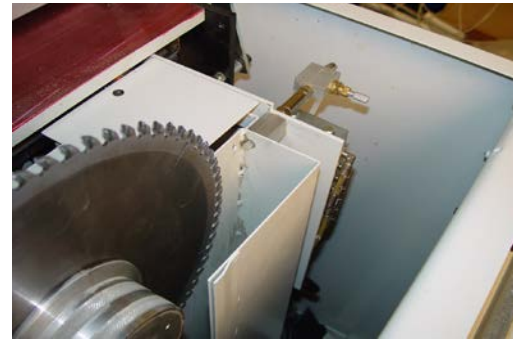


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Edge Quality – Preventing chipping and heat issues

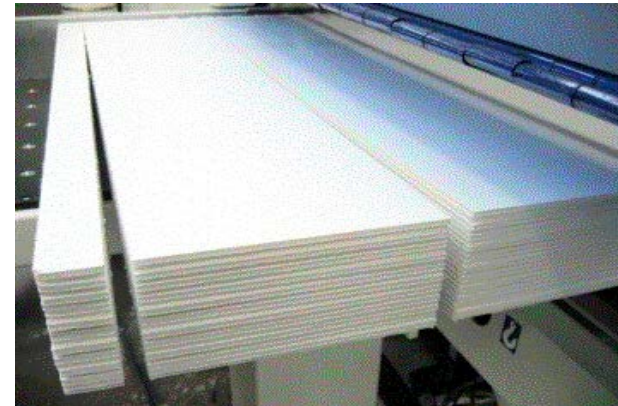
- Tooling + Feeds/Speeds
- Reverse Cut



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



- ❖ Edge Quality – Preventing re-melt and surface damage



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Material Yield

- On board optimizer

Report - CUTLST00

Materiale MDF 18 MM Spessore 18,000 Unità di misura Millimetri

Materiali

| Num. | Lunghezza | Larghezza | Costo | Disponibili | Utilizzati | Tot. Lordo | |
|------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------------|------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 2440,000 | 1220,000 | 11,00 | 108 | 22 | 72,078 | Tot. Netto 62,400 |
| 2 | 1800,000 | 1220,000 | 11,00 | 108 | 3 | | Tot. Utilizzato 86,6 % |
| | | | | | | | Tot. Perdite 13,4 % |

Schemi

3 / 7 CUTLST00.003

1 * 1800,000 x 1220,000

Pannelli

| Num. | Lunghezza | Larghezza | Rich. | Ditt. | Diff. % |
|------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|
| 1 | 1000,000 | 300,000 | 34 | 34 | 0,0 |
| 2 | 500,000 | 240,000 | 120 | 120 | 0,0 |
| 3 | 600,000 | 230,000 | 100 | 100 | 0,0 |
| 4 | 600,000 | 400,000 | 100 | 100 | 0,0 |

OK Run

CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Material Yield

- Narrow trims and cuts



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Material Yield

- Controlling material the entire cycle

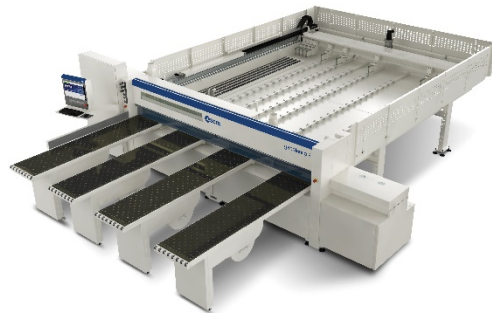


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Material Handling



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Quick Cycle Times / Optimized operation

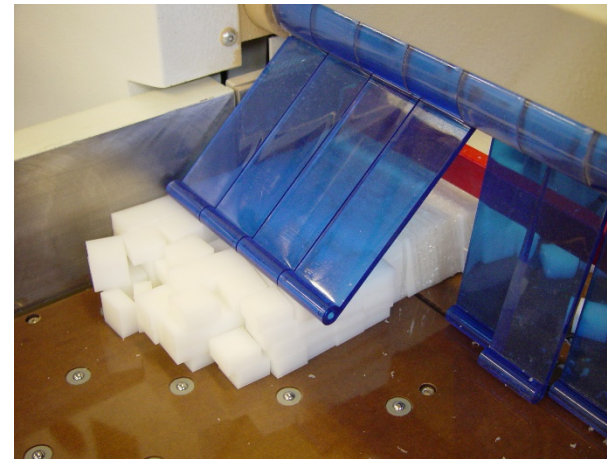


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Ability to cut small, narrow trips and parts quickly and accurately

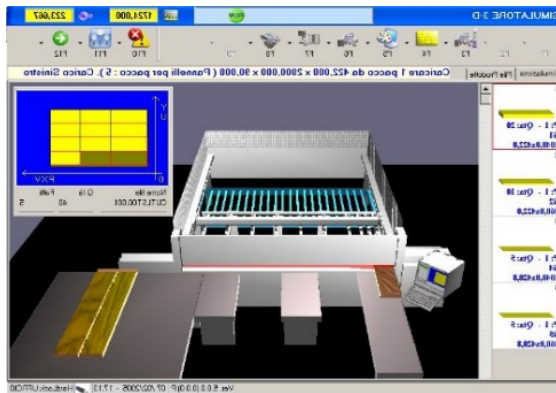


CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



❖ Productivity

- Ease of use



CNC Panel Saws – Key Considerations for Cutting Plastics



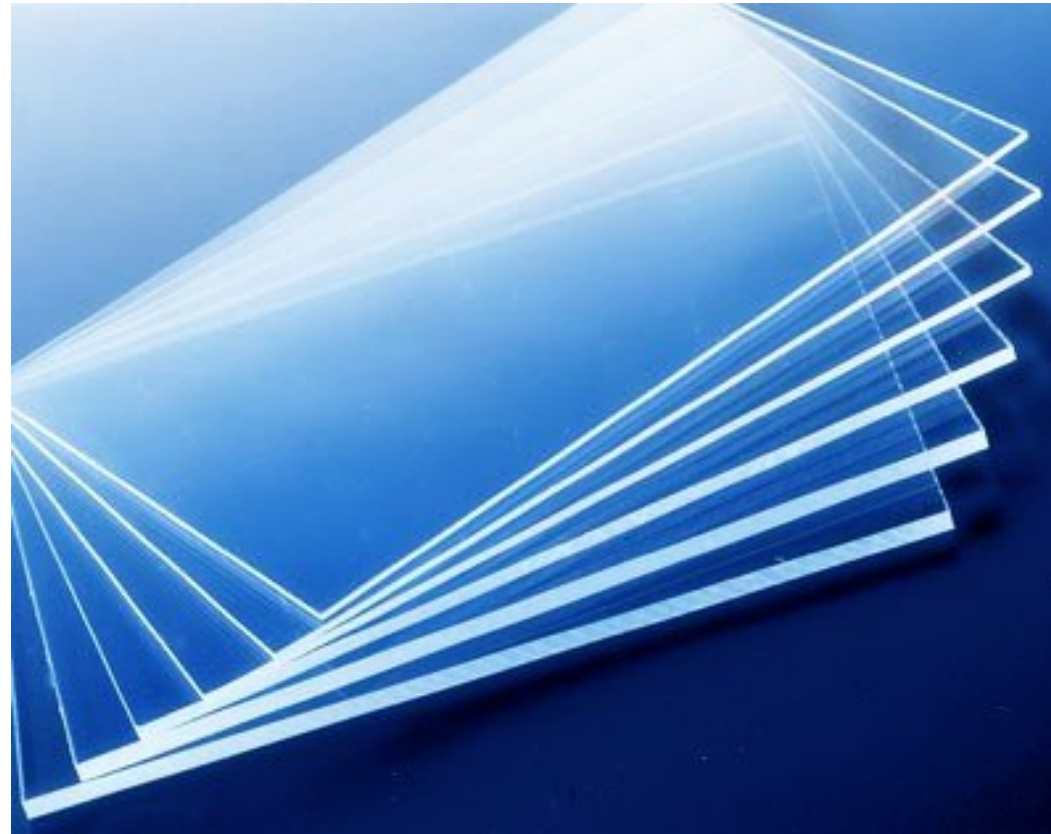
❖ Safety

- Safety designed from ground up
- Physical barriers
- Emergency switches and interlocks
- No wrench blade change



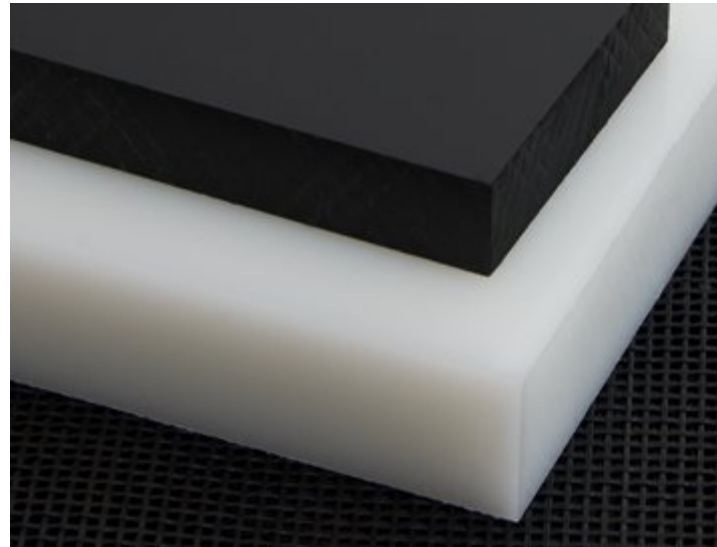
CNC Panel Saw Demonstration

Cutting Acrylic, PETG



CNC Panel Saw Demonstration

HDPE Grooving / Slotting



CNC Panel Saw Demonstration

Cutting Engineered Plastics

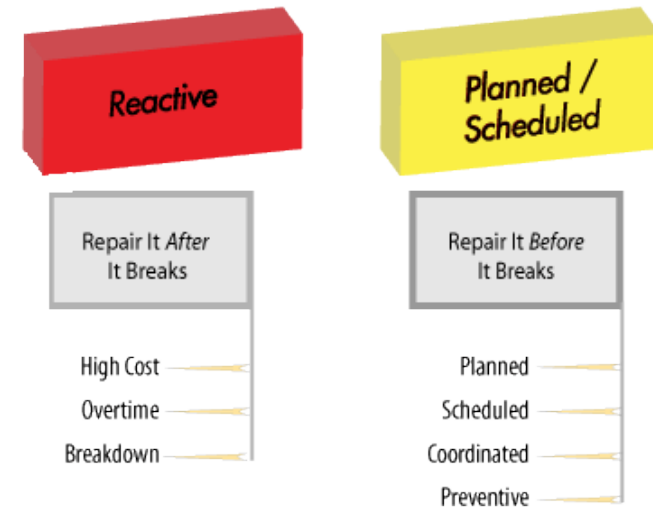


Managing Uptime / Cost of Ownership

Preventative Maintenance

***“If you don’t have time to do it right,
when will you have time to do it over?”
- John Wooden***

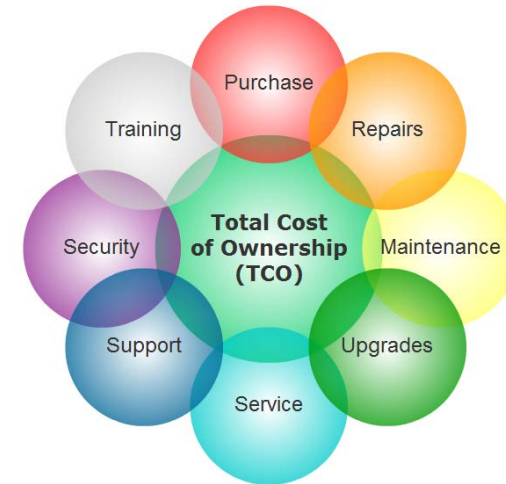
- ❖ CNC machinery represents a significant investment
- ❖ Idle/down machines do not generate income
- ❖ Downtime related to keeping the machine clean and maintained
- ❖ Plastics machining can create a significant amount of debris that must be managed
- ❖ Treat you CNC equipment like you treat your car
- ❖ Proper preventative care results in reduced cost of ownership



Managing Uptime / Cost of Ownership

Maintaining Advanced Technological CNC Equipment

- ❖ Vendor maintenance training
- ❖ Self diagnostic capability
- ❖ Machinery connected to network
- ❖ Remote diagnostics
- ❖ Advanced service capability / IoT (Internet of Things)



Yield Optimization

- ❖ Most high end machines are equipped with yield optimization software.
- ❖ In addition to calculating labor costs and overall machine cycle times, it is just as important to accurately calculate the cost of the plastic used by determining the correct number of parts and orientation on the sheet to be processed.
- ❖ Optimization software can explore thousands of solutions in just a matter of seconds, producing patterns in a fraction of the time compared to being done manually.

Quoting Guidelines

- ❖ Preparing competitive and accurate pricing when quoting is necessary for closing business and especially critical when focusing on new markets to penetrate.
- ❖ Materials used in the POP Display and Fixture markets such as acrylic, polycarbonate, expanded foam PVC and HIPS are much less expensive than materials used within other market segments. For example, acetal (commonly known as delrin®) is twice the price of acrylic and high performance engineering materials such as PEEK is more than 25 times more expensive than acrylic.
- ❖ When trying to penetrate new markets, it is recommended to analyze the quoting process and consider multiple possibilities to determine the most competitive quotation. For example:

Quoting Guidelines

❖ You are preparing a proposal for:

- Material: Acetal
- Description: Part has (4) 3" Diameter Holes with .25" radius at the corners
- Material cost: \$25.00 per sq. ft.
- Part size: 11.75" x 11.75" x ½" thick
- Quantity of parts: 1,000 pieces
- Sheet size used: 48" x 120"

❖ Tooling used:

- CNC Panel Saw: .173" kerf
- CNC router: .50" diameter cutter

❖ Results:

Cut and rout

- Saw hours: 2
- Router hours: 28
- Parts per sheet: 40
- Material cost: \$25,000

Router only

- Saw hours: 0
- Router hours: 20
- Parts per sheet: 27
- Material cost: \$37,000

❖ Obviously cutting and routing is more competitive than routing only in this case

Leasing Example Hourly Cost

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| SCM Pratih S15B | \$79,900.00 (Before Section 179) |
| Monthly Payment: | \$ 1,558.85 |
| Weekly Payment: | \$ 389.71 |
| Daily Payment: | \$ 77.94 |
| Hourly Payment: | \$ 9.74 |

Numbers based on a 40 hour work week

- Comes to work every day!
- After 5 years it's paid for or sooner

Tax Savings Section 179 Deduction

- ❖ Cash Flow Examples: (http://www.section179.org/section_179_calculator.php)
- ❖ The following illustrates the cash flow benefits and tax implications associated with the purchase and delivery of a CNC panel saw and router in 2017

| | With Purchase | Without Purchase |
|--|---------------|------------------|
| Example 1: Net Profit | \$200,000 | \$200,000 |
| Equipment Purchases: | \$200,000 | \$200,000 |
| Section 179 Deduction: | \$200,000 | 0 |
| Bonus Depreciation Deduction: (50% CAP for 2017) | 0 | 0 |
| Normal First Year Depreciation: | 0 | 0 |
| First Year Write Off: | \$200,000 | 0 |
| Total First Year Deduction | \$200,000 | 0 |
| Cash Savings (\$200,000 x 35% tax rate) | \$70,000 | 0 |
| Lowered Equipment Cost: | \$130,000 | 0 |
| Corporate Taxes for 2017 | 0 | \$70,000 |

Tax Savings Section 179 Deduction - Continued

| | With Purchase | Without Purchase |
|--|-----------------|------------------|
| Example 2: Net Profit | \$500,000 | \$500,000 |
| Equipment Purchases: | \$500,000 (max) | \$500,000 |
| Section 179 Deduction: | \$500,000 | 0 |
| Bonus Depreciation Deduction: (50% CAP for 2017) | 0 | 0 |
| Normal First Year Depreciation: | 0 | 0 |
| First Year Write Off: | \$500,000 | 0 |
| Total First Year Deduction | \$500,000 | 0 |
| Cash Savings (\$200,000 x 35% tax rate) | \$175,000 | 0 |
| Lowered Equipment Cost: | \$325,000 | 0 |
| Corporate Taxes for 2017 | 0 | \$175,000 |

Summary

- ❖ The POP Display and Fixture Market is rapidly changing
- ❖ The speed and breadth of change is increasing significantly
- ❖ Those who do not adjust will be left behind
- ❖ The Plastics fabrication market is diverse with many opportunities
- ❖ Entering new plastic markets will require investment in technology and automation
- ❖ Consider markets and capability when purchasing new equipment

Conclusion

- ❖ Thank you for participating at the “Staying Competitive in the Rapidly Changing Plastics Marketplace” presentation this morning. Hopefully, we can all meet again at a future AWFS conference to discuss and reflect on your new business accomplishments.
- ❖ Please feel free to contact me or Phil Bryant at:

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